**Sra. Anderson: CHS 2022-2023:**

**Spanish III: Semester 1 / Term A Final Exam Study Guide**

The following items were taught and reviewed during the first semester and will be on the final exam.

**GRAMMAR:**

* **Las Seis Personas (the 6 subject pronouns in order) – NO VOSOTROS (next semester)**
	+ 1. Yo 4. Nosotros
	+ 2. Tú 5. Ustedes
	+ 3. Él 6. Ellos
	+ Ella Ellas
	+ Usted
	+ Esto/Eso
* **Present Tense:**
	+ **Conjugation of regular AR, ER & IR verbs – using the seis personas: still prepare a place for 5th & 6th persons although the endings are the same. Remember… the pronouns are not the same.**
	+ AR: O, AS, A, AMOS, AN
	+ ER: O, ES, E, EMOS, EN
	+ IR: O, ES, E, IMOS, EN
* **Adverbs: adverbs modify verbs and have the suffix ‘ly’ in English. In Spanish they have the suffix, ‘mente’.**
	+ Formula: If the modifier has both masculine and feminine forms, change it to the feminine form and add ‘mente’ to the end.
	+ Quick / Quickly – Rápid**o** changes to rápid**a**, then add ‘**mente**’. The adverb is **rápidamente**.
* **Articles:**
	+ There are four articles (the way to say ‘the’ in English)
	+ Articles change by gender and singular/plural
	+ Feminine articles: **la** and **las**
	+ Masculine articles: **el** and **los**
	+ The girl = la chica The girls = las chicas
	+ The boy = el chico The boys = los chicos
* **THE VERB TO BE:**
	+ In English, there is only one verb for ‘to be’. This verb is irregular and is conjugated as such:
	+ I am, You are, He is, She is, It is, We are, You (ya’ll) are, and They are.
	+ In Spanish, there are two forms of ‘to be’, they are SER and ESTAR. SER is the permanent form and ESTAR is the temporary form.
	+ **SER is conjugated as: (Present Tense)**
	+ 1. Yo soy 4. Nosotros somos
	+ 2. Tu eres 5. Ustedes son
	+ 3. El es 6. Ellos son
	+ Ella es Ellas son
	+ Usted es
	+ Esto/eso es
	+ **ESTAR is conjugated as: (Present Tense)**
	+ 1. Yo estoy 4. Nosotros estamos
	+ 2. Tu estás 5. Ustedes están
	+ 3. El está 6. Ellos están
	+ Ella está Ellas están
	+ Usted está
	+ Esto/eso está

**PRETERITE TENSE:**

* Form to use when an action occurred (cut & dry)
* **AR endings:**
	+ E, ASTE, O, AMOS, ARON
* **ER endings:**
	+ I, ISTE, IO, IMOS, IERON
* **IR endings:**
	+ I, ISTE, IO, IMOS, IERON

**IMPERFECT TENSE:**

* Form to use in the following situations:
	+ A repetitive or habitual action in the past
	+ When one action is in process and another action ensues
		- AR endings:
			* ABA, ABAS, ABA, ÁBAMOS, ABAN
		- ER endings:
			* ÍA, ÍAS, ÍA, ÍAMOS, ÍAN
		- IR endings:
			* ÍA, ÍAS, ÍA, ÍAMOS, ÍAN

**TOPICS:**

**DESCRIPTIVE ADJECTIVES:**

* Personality & Character traits and descriptions
* Physical characteristics
* Likes/dislikes: GUSTAR & PREFERIR

**INTERROGATIVES, PREPOSITIONS & COHESIVE DEVICES:**

* A, de, con, y, o, pero, ni, sin, después, también, aún, aunque, pues, antes, en, sobre, durante, para, por
* Cuándo, Cuál, Quién, Qué, Dónde, Cómo, Por qué

**FUTURE TENSE:**

* There are 2 categories:
	+ Category #1 = Futuro Simple
	+ Category #2 = Futuro Puro
* **Futuro Simple:**
	+ Used to convey ‘Going to’
	+ Conjugation formula = ‘IR + A + INFINITIVE’
	+ Conjugate the verb IR:
		- 1. Voy 4. Vamos
		- 2. Vas 5. Van
		- 3. Va 6. Van
* **Futuro Puro:**
	+ Used to convey ‘Will’
	+ 12 Irregular Verbs (stems change) **C,D,H,H,P,P,Q,S,S,T,V,V**
	+ Conjugation formula = ‘INFINITIVE + ENDING”
	+ Futuro Puro endings:
		- 1. É 4. Emos
		- 2. Ás 5. Án
		- 3. Á 6. Án

**OTHER ESSENTIAL TOPICS:**

* + Friend and Family vocabulary
	+ Calendar components
	+ Descriptive Adjectives
	+ Types of Relationships
	+ Relationship vocabulary